## << Mandatory Certificate EPA>>

## ST3-PSY-FELL-EPA3 – Management in psychotherapy

Area of practice	Psychotherapies	EPA identification	ST3-PSY-FELL-EPA3
Stage of training	Stage 3 – Advanced	Version	v0.5 (EC-approved 10/04/15)

The following EPA will be entrusted when your supervisor is confident that you can be trusted to perform the activity described at the basic standard of a practitioner with foundational training in psychotherapy (generalist advanced trainee or early-phase certificate trainee) who makes ongoing judicious use of supervision. As such, you may require further supervision to develop skills to adhere to the management processes in this modality of psychotherapy but may practise independently with skills influenced by this modality. Your supervisor feels confident that you know when to ask for additional help and that you can be trusted to appropriately seek assistance in a timely manner.

Title	Founda	Foundational management in psychotherapy.				
<b>Description</b> Maximum 150 words		The trainee should be able to identify and demonstrate the management of significant process issues or problems in a prescribed number of psychotherapy patients. Examples would include:				
		<ul> <li>monitoring the progress of the patient in psychotherapy, assessing progress in terms of original formulation, contract and treatment goals and the processes related to the specific modality of psychotherapy adopted</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>revising the formulation, contract or treatment frame where necessary in response to developments in the psychotherapeutic treatment. Issues here could be of such significance as to likely lead to failure to progress or a significantly less positive outcome, eg. poorly engaging patient, significant deterioration of symptoms or challenging behaviours including threatened suicide during therapy; they could arise from characteristic patterns of behaviour of th patient, from a breakdown of the patient—therapist interaction or may be of iatrogenic origin. Interventions should demonstrate a reasoned approach towards resolution of the problems</li> </ul>					
	managing termination issues appropriately in terms of treatment planning.					
	correcte	Process issues and problems may require guidance from the supervisor but should be demonstrably identified and corrected by the trainee's active use of therapeutic manoeuvres not simply by passively adopting the supervisor's instructions.				
Fellowship competencies	ME	3, 4, 5, 7	H	НА		
	СОМ	1, 2	5	SCH		
	COL	1, 2	F	PROF	1, 2, 3	
	MAN					

Knowledge, skills and attitude required	Competence is demonstrated if the trainee has shown sufficient aspects of the knowledge, skills and attitude described below.				
The following lists are neither	Ability to apply an adequate knowledge base				
exhaustive nor prescriptive.	Can describe common types of process problems and their causes in psychotherapy.				
	Understands methods to repair and restore progress (within the relevant modality methodology) including any necessary changes to the therapeutic approach or contract.				
	Where applicable, demonstrates a reformulation of the patient's core problems, symptoms or diagnosis and the associated prognostic implications.				
	Skills				
	Demonstrates good knowledge contained in conceptualisation and formulation of the issues and problems. This should demonstrate an understanding of the patient and the treatment process.				
	Demonstrates accurate problem identification and assessment of skills.				
	Formulates and plans an approach to assist in correcting the therapeutic problem.				
	Demonstrates awareness of the therapist's own limits and boundaries and gaps in knowledge and identifies strategies to fill these gaps or manage the limitations.				
	Attends to correcting the therapeutic alliance.				
	Anticipates process difficulties and manages emotional distress in a way appropriate to the context.				
	<ul> <li>Appropriately considers relevant ethical and legal issues including those relevant to the patient, the therapist and/or the related context/culture.</li> </ul>				
	Recognises the therapist's own emotional response to the patient and management of those responses.				
	Attitude				
	Patient centred, empathic, respectful and non-judgmental.				
	<ul> <li>Committed to restoring the working therapeutic alliance or, if not possible, assisting with appropriate termination and/or transfer of care.</li> </ul>				
	Ethical, well bounded, safe and professional.				
Assessment method	Progressively assessed during individual and clinical supervision, including three appropriate WBAs.				
Suggested assessment method details	Case-based discussion – with written and verbal or recorded presentation of the identified issues or problems, undertaken during the course of two training cases of a minimum of five sessions seen between twice weekly to fortnightly, progressively assessed during session-to-session individual supervision. (Certificate trainees with an accredited psychotherapy supervisor.)				

## References

BLOCH S, ed. An introduction to the psychotherapies. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2006.

GABBARD G, BECK J & HOLMES J, eds. The Oxford textbook of psychotherapy. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007.

COL, Collaborator; COM, Communicator; HA, Health Advocate; MAN, Manager; ME, Medical Expert; PROF, Professional; SCH, Scholar